

Please amend the claims as follows:

1-7 (canceled).

8. (currently amended)

A medical device comprising:

a sheet of flexible material having an aperture of a predetermined size through which a body orifice may be accessed with a probe; wherein genitalia comprise the body orifice;

an adhesive backing operably disposed on said sheet, proximate said aperture, wherein the adhesive backing secures the sheet, proximate said aperture, to an area surrounding the genitalia; and,

a finger cot disposed on said sheet,

wherein said finger cot is sized to enable access to a second body orifice with the probe, and

wherein said finger cot provides a barrier between said probe and said second body orifice, and,

~~The device of claim 1~~ wherein said finger cot is constructed of a second material which is more flexible than said flexible material.

9-26 (canceled).

27. (original) A method of conducting a digital vaginal and digital rectal examination on a patient comprising:

placing a drape over a pelvic region of the patient, the drape including a vaginal aperture, a finger cot, and an adhesive backing;

positioning said drape such that said vaginal aperture is aligned with the patient's vagina;

examining the patient's vagina by placing a probe in the patient's vagina;

removing the probe from the vagina;

placing the probe in said finger cot;

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placing the probe, covered by said finger cot, in the patient's rectum; and
examining the patient's rectum with said probe.

28. (original) A method of examining the pelvic region of a patient comprising:
draping a sheet of material over said pelvic region of said patient;
inserting a probe into a vagina of said patient through an aperture in said sheet;
and
inserting said probe into a rectum of said patient through a second aperture in said
sheet; and,
providing a barrier between said probe and said rectum prior to inserting said
probe into said rectum.

29. (original) A method as set forth in claim 28, wherein said second aperture is a finger
cot.

30. (original) A method as set forth in claim 29, wherein said barrier is a membrane
which substantially forms said finger cot.

31. (original) A method as set forth in claim 28, wherein said probe is not cleansed
between the act of inserting in the vagina and the act of inserting in the rectum.

32. (original) A method as set forth in claim 28, further including collecting fluid from
said patient in said sheet of material.

33. (original) A method as set forth in claim 32, further including discerning a
volumetric quantity of fluid in said sheet of material from visual indicators on said sheet
of material.

34. (original) A method of examining the pelvic region of a patient comprising:
providing a layer of protection between said pelvic region of said patient and an
examining clinician;
examining a first body orifice in said pelvic region through said layer of
protection with a probe free from any barrier between said probe and said
first body orifice; and,
examining a second body orifice in said pelvic region with a probe having a
barrier between said probe and said second body orifice.
35. (original) A method as set forth in claim 34, wherein said barrier is disposed on said
layer of protection.
36. (original) A method as set forth in claim 34, wherein said first body orifice is a
patient's vagina.
37. (original) A method as set forth in claim 36, wherein said second body orifice is a
patient's rectum.
38. (original) A method as set forth in claim 37, wherein said barrier is a finger cot.
39. (original) A method as set forth in claim 34, wherein said probe is not cleansed
between said examination of said first body orifice and examination of said second body
orifice.
- 40-41 (canceled).

42. (previously presented) A medical device comprising:

a sheet of flexible material having an aperture of a predetermined size through which a body orifice may be accessed with a probe;

an adhesive backing operably disposed on said sheet, proximate said aperture; and,

a finger cot disposed on said sheet,

wherein said finger cot is sized to enable access to a second body orifice with the probe and,

wherein said finger cot provides a barrier between said probe and said second body orifice, and,

wherein said finger cot is constructed of a second material which is more flexible than said flexible material.

43-44 (canceled).